

Related literature. The U^{III} dimer, [U{C₅H₃(SiMe₃)₂}₂Cl]₂, has previously been prepared and structurally characterized (Blake, Lappert, Taylor, Atwood, Hunter & Zhang, 1986). The ability of isocyanides to act as good donor ligands toward uranium metal centers has been previously observed (Kanellakopulos, Fischer, Dornberger & Baumgartner, 1970).

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Structure of (4*R*,5*R*)-4-(D-*arabino*-1,2,3,4-Tetraacetoxybutyl)-1,2-dimethyl-5-nitro-1-cyclohexene

BY J. LOUB* AND J. PODLAHOVÁ

Katedra anorganické chemie, Univerzita Karlova, Hlavova 8/2030,
12840 Praha 2, Czechoslovakia

J. KOPF

Institut für anorganische und angewandte Chemie, Universität Hamburg, Martin-Luther-King-Platz 6,
2000 Hamburg 13, Federal Republic of Germany

AND L. WALZ

Max-Planck-Institut für Festkörperforschung, Heisenbergstrasse 1, 7000 Stuttgart 80,
Federal Republic of Germany

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Abstract. C₂₀H₂₉NO₁₀, $M_r = 443.45$, triclinic, $P\bar{1}$, $a = 7.646$ (2), $b = 10.085$ (3), $c = 15.490$ (4) Å, $\alpha = 78.73$ (1), $\beta = 88.31$ (1), $\gamma = 80.70$ (1)°, $V = 1156$ (1) Å³, $Z = 2$, $D_m = 1.242$ (6), $D_x = 1.274$ (1) Mg m⁻³, $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.71069$ Å, $\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹, $F(000) = 472$, $T = 297$ K, $R = 0.056$ for 3306 unique observed reflections. The structure consists of two (CH₃)₂C₆H₆(NO₂)(CHOCOCH₃)₃CH₂OCOCH₃ molecules, which are almost identical in their bond distances and angles but different in the conformation of their cyclohexene rings: $\Delta C_2(C1A, C2A) = 7.9$ and $\Delta C_2(C1B, C2B) = 2.4$ ° [Duax, Weeks & Rohrer (1976). *Top. Stereochem.* **9**, 271–273].

Experimental. The compound was prepared by Diels–Alder addition of 2,3-dimethyl-1,3-butadiene and *trans*-

3,4,5,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-nitro-D-*arabino*-1-hexene-3,4,-5,6-tetrol. The crystals were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol [m.p. 360.8 (3) K] and are optically active ($[\alpha]_D^{20.0^\circ} = 0$ (1.6)° [chloroform, 16.7 g dm⁻³] (Pacák, 1987)). Colourless crystals were stable in air and to X-rays. Density was determined pycnometrically. A prismatic crystal of dimensions 0.2 × 0.3 × 0.5 mm was used for the measurements with an automatic Stoe four-circle diffractometer with graphite monochromator. The lattice parameters were obtained by least-squares fit of 44 reflections with $10 \leq 2\theta \leq 20$ °. Intensity data were collected using $\omega-2\theta$ scan; absorption ignored; max. $(\sin\theta)/\lambda = 0.60$ Å⁻¹; $h-8 \rightarrow 0$, $k-11 \rightarrow 11$, $l-18 \rightarrow 18$; three standard reflections measured after 50 reflections with no significant variation; 4247 measured reflections, 3950 unique reflections, 3306 observed reflections with $I \geq 3\sigma(I)$. The structure was solved by direct methods;

* To whom correspondence should be addressed.

Table 1. Atomic coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters ($\times 10^3$, \AA^2) of non-H atoms with e.s.d.'s in parentheses

$$U_{\text{eq}} = \frac{1}{3} \sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* \mathbf{a}_i \cdot \mathbf{a}_j$$

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{eq}
C1A	-74 (12)	8445 (7)	1715 (4)	81 (3)
C11A	316 (15)	9324 (10)	842 (5)	157 (6)
C2A	-1653 (11)	8402 (6)	2061 (4)	72 (3)
C21A	-3371 (11)	9128 (8)	1615 (5)	107 (4)
C3A	-1900 (8)	7564 (6)	2962 (4)	63 (2)
C4A	-237 (8)	7173 (6)	3520 (4)	59 (2)
C5A	1241 (9)	6580 (7)	2988 (4)	69 (3)
N51A	3013 (8)	6155 (8)	3466 (4)	86 (3)
O52A	3491 (7)	6940 (6)	3880 (3)	96 (2)
O53A	3842 (8)	5064 (7)	3388 (4)	129 (3)
C6A	1598 (11)	7641 (8)	2162 (4)	92 (4)
C7A	-665 (7)	6273 (5)	4405 (3)	45 (2)
O71A	605 (5)	5034 (4)	4666 (2)	49 (1)
C72A	46 (10)	3850 (7)	4629 (5)	74 (3)
O73A	-1338 (8)	3799 (5)	4354 (5)	144 (3)
C74A	1404 (10)	2651 (6)	5005 (5)	90 (3)
C8A	-837 (7)	7048 (5)	5164 (3)	42 (2)
O81A	876 (5)	7285 (4)	5403 (2)	46 (1)
C82A	1218 (9)	8585 (6)	5236 (4)	56 (2)
O83A	234 (6)	9527 (4)	4847 (3)	78 (2)
C84A	2979 (8)	8635 (6)	5609 (5)	78 (3)
C9A	-1556 (7)	6264 (5)	6004 (3)	42 (2)
O91A	-3237 (5)	5967 (4)	5754 (2)	46 (1)
C92A	-3712 (9)	4770 (6)	6147 (4)	59 (2)
O93A	-2930 (7)	4048 (5)	6757 (3)	100 (2)
C94A	-5317 (8)	4504 (6)	5725 (4)	64 (3)
C10A	-1783 (8)	7035 (6)	6752 (3)	52 (2)
O101A	-2712 (5)	8380 (4)	6422 (2)	54 (1)
C102A	-2536 (11)	9360 (7)	6874 (4)	73 (3)
O103A	-1638 (8)	9134 (5)	7509 (4)	118 (3)
C104A	-3587 (12)	10693 (7)	6478 (5)	109 (4)
C1B	5436 (8)	1933 (6)	2904 (4)	58 (2)
C11B	5735 (10)	1042 (8)	3811 (4)	92 (3)
C2B	3944 (8)	2139 (6)	2454 (4)	52 (2)
C21B	2313 (8)	1528 (7)	2765 (4)	79 (3)
C3B	3733 (7)	3021 (6)	1559 (3)	57 (2)
C4B	5453 (7)	3351 (5)	1094 (3)	47 (2)
C5B	6619 (7)	3730 (6)	1767 (4)	55 (2)
N51B	8463 (7)	3967 (7)	1411 (4)	70 (2)
O52B	9271 (6)	3115 (6)	1020 (3)	90 (2)
O53B	8984 (7)	4980 (5)	1551 (3)	107 (3)
C6B	6996 (8)	2577 (6)	2571 (4)	66 (2)
C7B	5028 (7)	4486 (5)	272 (3)	42 (2)
O71B	6624 (5)	4968 (4)	-88 (2)	49 (1)
C72B	6732 (10)	6306 (7)	-101 (4)	68 (3)
O73B	5603 (7)	7073 (5)	176 (3)	90 (2)
C74B	8462 (9)	6614 (7)	-501 (5)	92 (3)
C8B	4135 (7)	3999 (5)	-458 (3)	43 (2)
O81B	5254 (5)	2799 (4)	-665 (2)	45 (1)
C82B	4558 (9)	1605 (6)	-551 (4)	54 (2)
O83B	3179 (6)	1470 (4)	-221 (3)	83 (2)
C84B	5837 (9)	531 (6)	-866 (4)	68 (3)
C9B	3940 (7)	5040 (5)	-1318 (3)	49 (2)
O91B	2899 (5)	6281 (4)	-1128 (2)	48 (1)
C92B	3297 (9)	7460 (7)	-1611 (4)	61 (3)
O93B	4432 (7)	7518 (5)	-2145 (3)	98 (2)
C94B	2136 (8)	8660 (6)	-1375 (4)	70 (3)
C10B	3129 (7)	4556 (6)	-2056 (3)	59 (2)
O101B	1481 (5)	4098 (4)	-1741 (2)	60 (2)
C102B	1117 (9)	2987 (7)	-2012 (5)	68 (3)
O103B	1996 (8)	2457 (6)	-2533 (4)	114 (3)
C104B	-486 (8)	2515 (7)	-1557 (4)	88 (3)

Table 2. Selected interatomic distances (\AA) and angles ($^\circ$)

Molecule	Molecule	Molecule	
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>
C1-C11		1.516 (10)	1.514 (8)
C1-C2		1.310 (12)	1.321 (8)
C2-C21		1.511 (11)	1.504 (9)
C2-C3		1.508 (8)	1.491 (7)
C3-C4		1.513 (8)	1.533 (8)
C4-C5		1.495 (9)	1.532 (8)
C5-N51		1.522 (9)	1.536 (8)
N51-O52		1.216 (10)	1.224 (8)
N51-O53		1.203 (10)	1.213 (9)
C5-C6		1.548 (9)	1.528 (7)
C6-C1		1.505 (11)	1.481 (9)
C4-C7		1.547 (7)	1.540 (7)
C7-O71		1.449 (6)	1.443 (6)
O71-C72		1.343 (9)	1.361 (9)
C72-O73		1.164 (10)	1.191 (9)
C72-C74		1.494 (9)	1.497 (10)
C1-C2-C3		121.2 (6)	121.8 (5)
C2-C3-C4		114.2 (6)	115.8 (4)
C3-C4-C5		108.7 (5)	107.7 (4)
C4-C5-C6		110.8 (5)	111.5 (5)
C5-C6-C1		113.1 (6)	114.3 (5)
C6-C1-C2		123.4 (6)	122.9 (5)
C11-C1-C2		125.0 (7)	124.3 (6)
C1-C2-C21		125.1 (6)	125.1 (5)
C21-C2-C3		113.7 (6)	113.1 (5)
C3-C4-C7		108.6 (5)	110.1 (4)
C7-C4-C5		117.0 (5)	113.5 (5)
C4-C5-N51		114.5 (5)	113.3 (5)
C5-N51-O52		118.2 (6)	117.1 (6)
C5-N51-O53		116.5 (7)	116.7 (5)
O52-N51-O53		125.3 (6)	126.2 (6)
N51-C5-C6		104.9 (6)	104.4 (4)
C5-C6-C1		113.1 (6)	114.3 (5)
C6-C1-C11		111.6 (7)	112.8 (5)
C4-C7-C8		112.6 (4)	112.5 (4)
C4-C7-O71		114.3 (4)	110.7 (4)
C7-O71-C72		116.4 (5)	116.9 (4)
C1-C7-C8		121.2 (6)	121.8 (5)
O81-C82-O83		118.3 (4)	118.2 (4)
C8-C9-C9		113.5 (5)	113.9 (5)
C8-C9-O91		105.1 (4)	106.9 (4)
C9-O91-C92		117.6 (4)	115.5 (4)
O91-C92-O93		122.5 (7)	124.1 (6)
O92-C93-C94		111.5 (5)	111.0 (5)
N51-C5-C6		126.0 (6)	124.9 (6)
C9-C10-O101		108.0 (4)	108.2 (4)
C10-O101-C102		117.1 (5)	116.1 (5)
O101-C102-O103		121.9 (6)	123.2 (7)
O101-C102-C104		111.9 (6)	111.0 (6)
O103-C102-C104		126.3 (6)	125.8 (7)

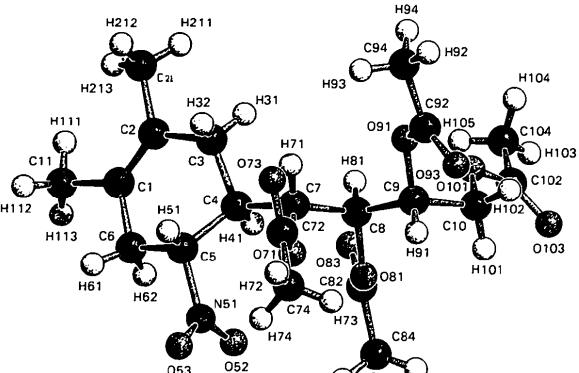


Fig. 1. A view of the molecule $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}_{10}$ (*A*) with atomic numbering.

F magnitudes were refined in full-matrix least-squares refinement in two blocks (one molecule fixed, another refined, in this way no explicit fixation of the origin was needed). H atoms were localized in calculated positions with C–H distance 0.96 \AA ; anisotropic thermal parameters of non-H atoms were refined; $R = 0.056$, $wR = 0.038$, $w = 1.76/c^2(F)$; in the last refinement cycle $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = -0.717$, for U_{22} of C(82A); $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}/\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = 0.22/-0.21 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$; 595 parameters were refined. Siemens 7.882 computer was used with programs

* Lists of atomic coordinates and isotropic thermal parameters for H atoms, anisotropic thermal parameters for non-H atoms and structure factors have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 51664 (23 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Executive Secretary, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

The final atomic parameters are given in Table 1. Selected interatomic distances and angles are given in Table 2. Molecule *A* is depicted in Fig. 1. The greatest differences between the distances and angles of molecules *A* and *B* are 0.037 (4.4 σ) and 0.027 Å (2.8 σ) in C4—C5 and C72—O73, respectively, and 3.6 (9.0 σ) and 3.5° (7.0 σ) in C4—C7—O7 and C7—C4—C5, respectively. The shortest intermolecular contacts are O(103*A*)...H(94*B*ⁱ)—C(94*B*ⁱ) [2.54, 0.96 Å, 140°, (i) = *x*, *y*, 1+*z*], C(10*A*)—H(102*A*)...O(93*B*ⁱⁱ) [2.65, 0.96 Å, 128°, (ii) = 1+*x*, *y*, *z*-1] and O(93*A*)...H(104*B*ⁱ—C(104*B*ⁱ) (2.67, 0.96 Å, 118°).

Related literature. The bond distances and angles in cyclohexene, acetoxybutyl and in the chain C4—C7—C8—C9—C10 are similar to those reported by Allen, Kennard, Watson, Brammer, Orpen & Taylor (1987), Gieren & Kokkinidis (1986) and Jiménez-Garay, López-Castro & Márquez (1976), respectively.

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Structure of *cyclo(-N*-Hydroxyglycyl-L-alanyl-)

BY YOSHINOBU YOKOMORI*

Department of Chemistry, The National Defense Academy, Hashirimizu, Yokosuka 239, Japan

AND AKIRA KATO AND MASAYASU AKIYAMA

Department of Applied Chemistry for Resources, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, Koganei, Tokyo 184, Japan

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Abstract. $C_5H_8N_2O_3$, $M_r = 144.1$, orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$, $a = 18.081$ (3), $b = 7.760$ (1), $c = 4.615$ (1) Å, $V = 647$ (1) Å³, $Z = 4$, $D_x = 1.478$, D_m (flotation in toluene/carbon tetrachloride) = 1.468 (6) Mg m⁻³, $\lambda(Cu\text{ }K\alpha) = 1.5418$ Å, $\mu(Cu\text{ }K\alpha) = 1.011$ mm⁻¹, $F(000) = 304.0$, $T = 296$ K, $R = 0.042$, $wR = 0.061$, for 590 observations. The present diketopiperazine ring adopts an almost flat conformation. There are two kinds of hydrogen bonds: O₃—H...O₂($\frac{3}{2}$ +*x*, 1-*y*, $\frac{1}{2}$ +*z*) 2.599 (1) Å; and N₂—H...O₁(2-*x*, - $\frac{1}{2}$ +*y*, $\frac{5}{2}$ -*z*) 2.878 (1) Å.

Experimental. Colorless cubic crystals by slow evaporation of an aqueous methanol solution at room temperature. Crystal 0.3 × 0.3 × 0.05 mm. Rigaku-Denki RASA 5R-II automated diffractometer. Systematic absences $h00$ for h odd, $0k0$ for k odd, $00l$ for l odd. Cell constants by least squares using 15 reflec-

tions with $40^\circ \leq 2\theta(\text{Cu}) \leq 80^\circ$ measured on the diffractometer. Intensity data collected in ω -2 θ scan mode. 603 independent reflections, $2\theta \leq 120.0^\circ$, $0 \leq h \leq 20$, $0 \leq k \leq 8$, $0 \leq l \leq 5$. No systematic fluctuations in 113, 732, 912, monitored every 100 reflections.

Structure determined using MULTAN78 (Main, Hull, Lessinger, Germain, Declercq & Woolfson, 1978). Block-diagonal least-squares refinement (HBL7IV: Ashida, 1981). $\sum w(|F_o| - k|F_c|)^2$ minimized. Weighting scheme: $w = [\sigma^2(F_o) + 0.0590|F_o| + 0.0013|F_o|^2]^{-1}$. Subsequent difference Fourier maps revealed positions for all 8 H atoms; however, all H atoms were fixed at calculated positions (with C—H = 1.08 Å) with fixed isotropic temperature factors ($B = 5.0$ Å²). Final cycle of block-diagonal least squares gave $R = 0.042$, $wR = 0.061$, $S = 0.69$, using 590 observations with $|F_o| > 2\sigma(F_o)$ and 92 variables. $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.033$. Final difference map contained no peak higher than 0.4 e Å⁻³. Atomic scattering factors

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed.